

**Equation of a Circle:**  $(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$       **Radius:**  $r$   
**Center:**  $(h, k)$

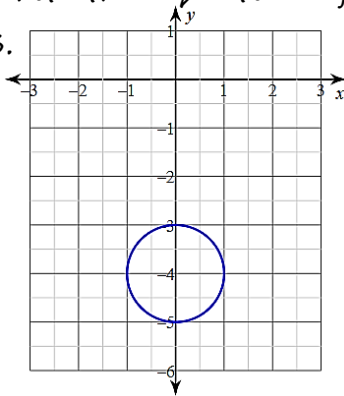
Use the following information to write the equation of the circle.

1. Center:  $(6, 13)$   
Radius: 3

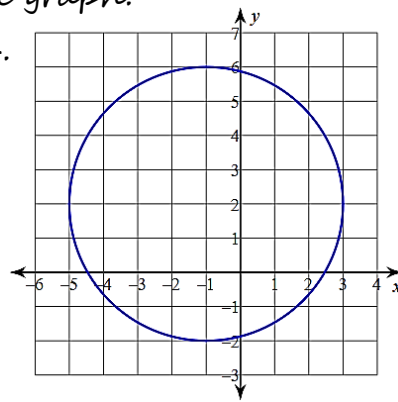
2. Center:  $(15, -8)$   
Radius: 4

Write the equation of the circle from the graph.

3.

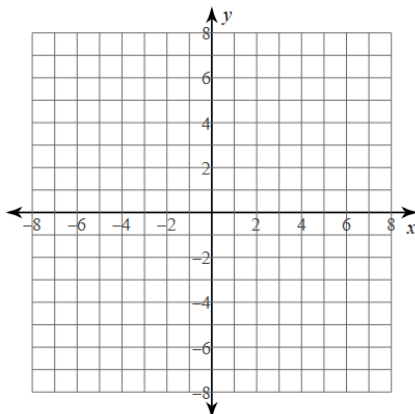


4.

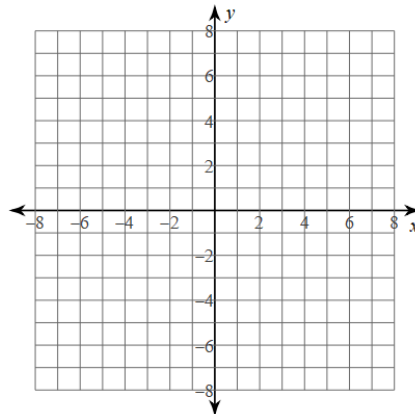


Identify the center and radius of the circle and then graph.

5.  $(x + 2)^2 + y^2 = 25$



6.  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 16$



Determine if the given point is inside, on, or outside the circle.

7.  $(x - 3)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 8$

Point:  $(5, -1)$

8.  $(x + 1)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 9$

Point:  $(-2, 2)$

DISTANCE FORMULA:  $d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$

1. Using the distance formula, write the equation of a circle whose center is  $(5, -3)$  and goes through  $(2, 5)$ .

2. Using the distance formula, write the equation of a circle whose center is  $(4, -3)$  and goes through  $(1, 5)$ .

3. If the center of a circle is at  $(1, -1)$  and the radius is 4, does the point  $(2, 3)$  lie on the circle?

MIDPOINT FORMULA:  $M = \left( \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$

1. What is the center of a circle whose diameter has endpoints at  $(-5, -4)$  and  $(-1, -4)$ ?

2. Give the equation whose endpoints of a diameter are  $(-4, 1)$  and  $(4, -5)$ .

3. Give the equation whose endpoints of a diameter are  $(-3, 2)$  and  $(1, -5)$ .