STANDARD FORM: $(x-h)^{2}+(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}$
GENERAL FORM: $a x^{2}+b y^{2}+c x+d y+e=0$

1. Convert to general form: $x^{2}+(y+4)^{2}=9$.
2. Convert to general form: $(x+1)^{2}+(y-4)^{2}=8$.

CONVERTING FROM GENERAL TO STANDARD FORM!!!
If the quadratic equation isn't in the standard form for a circle, we must first complete the square to get it in the correct form.

## Steps to complete the square.

First, prepare the terms:

- Group $\qquad$ and leave a space.
- Group $\qquad$ and leave a space.
- Move the constant and leave $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

Then, complete the square:

- $\quad 1 / 2$ the linear term and square it.
- Add to both sides.
- Do this for both $x$ and $y$.
- Factory and simplify.

1. $x^{2}+y^{2}+16 x-22 y-20=0$
2. $x^{2}+y^{2}-12 x+8 y+32=0$
3. $x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x-15=0$
